Xerox[®]
VersaLink[®]
C500/C600
Color Printer &
VersaLink[®]
C505/C605
Multifunction
Color Printer

Information Assurance Disclosure and Statement of Volatility
Version 1.0



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Changes are periodically made to this document. Changes, technical inaccuracies, and typographic errors will be corrected in subsequent editions.

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1. Introduction

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to disclose information for the Xerox ® C500/600 & C505/605 product (hereinafter called as "the product" or "the system") with respect to device security. Device Security, for this paper, is defined as how image data is stored and transmitted, how the product behaves in a network environment, and how the product may be accessed both locally and remotely. The purpose of this document is to inform Xerox customers of the design, functions, and features of the product with respect to Information Assurance. This document does not provide tutorial level information about security, connectivity, or the product's features and functions. This information is readily available elsewhere. We assume that the reader has a working knowledge of these types of topics.

Target Audience

The target audience for this document is Xerox field personnel and customers concerned with IT security.

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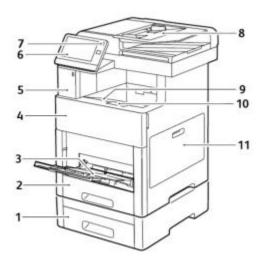
2. Device Description

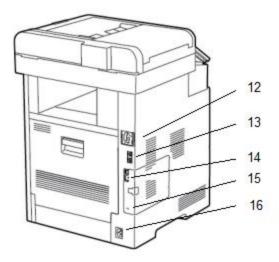
Major Components

The product provides the copy and network printer functions and features, and consists of a controller module and marking engine.

Configuration	Marking Engine	Controller
MFP	Included	Included
SFP	Included	Included

Table 1 Major Elements of the product.

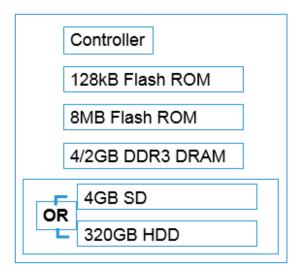


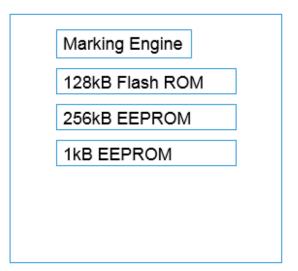


- 1. Paper feed tray.
- 2. Paper feed tray.
- 3. Bypass paper feed tray.
- 4. Front bezel.
- 5. USB3.0(A).
- 6. Touch screen user interface.
- 7. System power button.
- 8. Document feeder.
- 9. Document output tray.
- 10. Document output tray extension.
- 11. Jam clearance panel.
- 12. Optional Wi-Fi dongle connection.
- 13. RJ11 Fax
- 14. USB3.0 (B) & RJ45 Ethernet connection.
- 15. Foreign device interface.
- 16. AC Power.

Volatile and Nonvolatile Memory

This section describes details of the memory devices that are contained within the product. The memory devices are shown below:





Marking Engine

The marking engine has its own control processor running VxWorks 6.8.2. The marking engine is only accessible to the Controller via inter-chip communication with no other access.

MARKING ENGINE MEMORY - NON-VOLATILE

Size	Туре	Use	User Data	How to Clear	Volatile
128kB	Flash ROM	Marking Alignment	No	N/A	No
256kB	EEPROM	Marking Engine OS	No	N/A	No
1kB	EEPROM	Marking Alignment	No	N/A	No

Controller

The controller has its own control processor running Wind River Linux 6.0.

CONTROLLER MEMORY – VOLATILE

Size	Туре	Use	User Data	How to Clear	Volatile
2/4GB	DDR3 DRAM	Controller Memory	Yes	Power Cycle	Yes

CONTROLLER MEMORY - NONVOLATILE

Size	Туре	Use	User Data	How to Clear	Volatile
128kB	Flash ROM	Controller Boot	No	N/A	No
8MB	Flash ROM	Controller OS	No	N/A	No
4GB	SD	Temporary Memory	Yes	N/A	No
320GB	HDD	Temporary Memory	Yes	Image Overwrite	No

Operating Systems

The Marking Engines for the product contains the VxWorks 6.8.2 operating system. The Controller uses the Wind River Linux 6.0 real time operating system. Neither of these operating systems are user accessible.

Updating Device Firmware

The programs stored in the Flash ROM listed below can be updated from external sources.

- Controller
- Marking Engine

This updating function can be disabled by a system administrator from the local UI or remotely. However, the only operation that can be disabled remotely is remote downloading. The file contains an electronic signature (using public key cryptosystem) which can be used to detect whether the file has been tampered with, to identify whether the firmware file is legitimate.

Feeders and Finishers

The optional feeders and finishers available to this system do not include management or storage of any user data.

3. System Access

Physical Access

There are a variety of methods to physically access the product.

User Interface

From the UI, a user can:

- Access to setup menus of Common, Copy, Print, Mail, Network, Fax, Mailbox, etc.
- Change the device configuration settings.

10/100/1000 MB Ethernet RJ-45 Network Connector

This is the standard network connector, and allows access to the connectivity stacks and open ports described in the next section. This connector conforms to IEEE Ethernet 802.3 standards.

Optional Wireless Network Connector

The optional wireless network connector supports the following encryption options:

Encryption	Authentication Options
No Encryption	
WEP	
WPA2 Personal	
WPA2 Enterprise	PEAPv0 MS-CHAPv2
	EAP-TLS
	EAP-TTLS/PAP
	EAP-TTLS/CHAP
	EAP-TTLS/MS-CHAPv2
Mixed Mode Personal (AES/TKIP)	
Mixed Mode Enterprise (AES/TKIP)	PEAPv0 MS-CHAPv2
	EAP-TLS
	EAP-TTLS/PAP
	EAP-TTLS/CHAP
	EAP-TTLS/MS-CHAPv2

USB Port

USB3.0 (TYPE B) PORT

The USB3.0 port is the USB target connector used for maintenance and printing. To print, a file can be printed via direct connection. Received data is processed by the image processing software installed in the product. This port is located on the back of the system.

OPTIONAL USB3.0 (TYPE A) PORT(S)

The USB3.0 port on the front of the system is used for walk up printing operations. This port requires a FAT-32 formatted USB device. Some system configurations may not include this USB port. This port can be used by service technicians to update system firmware. This port can also be used as a target location for Scan to USB on systems equipped with a scanner.

RJ-11 Analog Fax and Telephone

The fax connection supports the Fax Modem T.30 protocol only and will not accept data or voice communication attempts. An external (EXT) is available to connect an external handset. In this configuration the FAX card acts as a passive relay.

Foreign Device Interface

This port is used to connect optional equipment to control access to the machine. A typical application is a coinoperated device where a user must deposit money to enable the machine to print. The information available via the Foreign Device Interface is limited to optically-isolated pulses that can be used to count impressions marked on hardcopy sheets.

Logical Access

Network Protocols

Protocol specifications are implemented based on standard specifications such as RFC issued by IETF.

Near Field Communications

The system supports an installable RFID reader for authentication and convenience in certain configurations. This RFID reader is connected to the system via USB on the front of the device. This communication cannot write or change any settings on the system. The data exchanged is not encrypted and may include information including system network status, IP address and device location. NFC functionality can be disabled using the embedded web server of the device. NFC functionality requires a software plugin that can be obtained from Xerox sales and support. NFC functionality is supported via integrated NFC reader located by touch screen interface or optional dedicated NFC USB dongle.

Information shared over NFC is:

- IPv4 Address
- IPv6 Address
- MAC Address
- UUID (a unique identifier on the NFC client)
- Fully qualified domain name

Wi-Fi Direct

The system supports a Wi-Fi Alliance certified implementation of Wi-Fi direct to enable walk up and direct connections to the device. Wi-Fi Direct uses WPA2 encryption with a minimum passphrase of eight characters required. Wi-Fi Direct does offer DHCP addresses in the 192.168.0.0 subnet when placed in 'Group Owner' mode.

Network Ports

A number of TCP/IP and UDP/IP ports exist. The following table summarizes all ports that can be opened:

Port#	Туре	Service Name
25	TCP	SMTP
53	TCP/UDP	DNS (Client)
67	UDP	BOOTP/DHCP (Client)
80	TCP	HTTP (Web User Interface)
80	TCP	HTTP (UPnP Discovery)
80	TCP	HTTP (WSD)
80	TCP	HTTP (WebDAV)
80	TCP	HTTP (IPP)
88	UDP	Kerberos (Client)
110	TCP	POP3 (Client)
123	UDP	SNTP (Client)
137	UDP	NETBIOS (Name Service)
138	UDP	NETBIOS (Datagram Service)
161	UDP	SNMP
162	UDP	SNMP (Trap)
389	TCP	LDAP (Client)
427	TCP/UDP	SLP
443	TCP	HTTPS (Web User Interface)
443	TCP	HTTPS (IPP)
443	TCP	HTTPS (WebDAV)

443	TCP	HTTPS (Authentication Agent)
445	TCP	Direct Hosting
465	TCP	SMTPS (Client)
500	UDP	ISAKMP
515	TCP	LPR
547	UDP	DHCPv6 (Client)
631	TCP	IPP
636	TCP	LDAPS (Client)
995	TCP	POPS (Client)
1900	UDP	SSDP
3702	TCP	WSD (Discovery)
5353	UDP	mDNS
9100	TCP	Raw IP
15000	TCP	Loopback port for SMTP

(Client): The port number is not for the port on the controller side, but for the port of the connecting destination. Unless the port number for the controller side is specified, the port number for the controller side is unknown. Also, the port is not open on the controller all of the time but will open only at time of accessing the remote server.

User Authentication

The product provides a number of authentication methods for different types of users.

The definition of each method is as follows.

- Simple: Easy login passwords are not required. Pick User Names from the list.
- Local: Basic security passwords required. Pick User Names from the list or type in User Names.
- Network: Basic security with authentication handled by a remote server.
- **Convenience:** Swipe or tap your access card to log in. Requires optional card reader hardware and software plugin. Authentication is handled by a remote server.
- Smart Card: Two-factor security Smart Card plus User Name/Password combination. Requires optional card reader hardware and software plugin. Authentication is handled by a remote server. Supported remote authentication methods include Kerberos, SMB and LDAP.

System administrators can assign permissions to individual users or create roles that users can assume.

Device Authentication Method

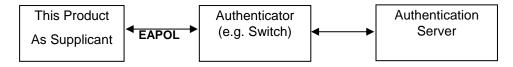
The product provides the device authentication feature that is required for network connection to LAN port or Wireless network where access is controlled.

The following device authentication method is provided:

Device Authentication Method	Operation
802.1x	Wired/Wireless 802.1X authentication is supported. When the product is activated using the User ID and password set for the product, authentication to the switch device starts in order to connect to the LAN port or Wireless network.

802.1x Authentication

In 802.1X authentication, when the product is connected to the LAN port of Authenticator such as the switch as shown below, the Authentication server authenticates the product, and the Authenticator controls access of the LAN port according to the authentication result. The product starts authentication processing at startup when the startup settings for 802.1X authentication are enabled.



Of the authentication methods in 802.1X Authentication, the product supports the following:

802.1x Authentication Method	Operation
MD5	Performs authentication using the ID information in plain text and MD5 hashed password.
MS-CHAPv2	Performs authentication using the ID information in plain text and MD5 hashed password that is encrypted using a key generated from random numbers.
PEAP/MS-CHAPv2	Performs authentication in the encrypted channel established between the product and the Authentication server, using the following information: • ID information in plain text. • Password encrypted in MN-CHAPv2 method.
EAP-TLS	Performs authentication in the encrypted channel established between

the product and the authentication server, using the client certificate of
the product. ID information and password are not used.

4. Data Flow

Print Service

Direct Print

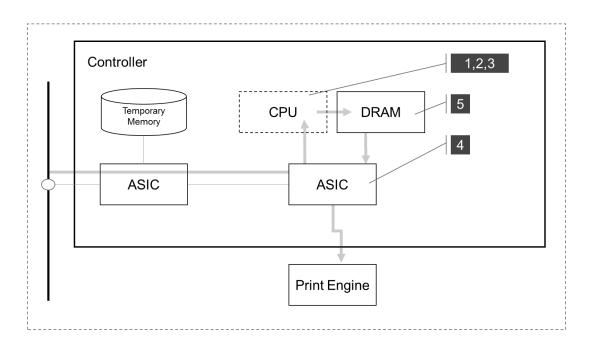
Direct print is to print by outputting data to the printer without using the temporary memory after decomposition of the received PDL.

<Condition>

This is a mode used at printing a single copy, or at printing multiple sets of copies without collating.

<Operation>

- 1. Stores the received PDL in the spool area. *
- 2. Reads out the PDL stored in the spool area.
- 3. Decomposes the read-out PDL per page, and writes in the page buffer (DRAM).
- 4. Compresses the image per page, and outputs the compressed image for the page read out from the DRAM to the printer through decompression when compression for one page is completed.
- 5. Deletes the received PDL data when printing of all data is completed. * *
- * In non-spool mode, PDL is not spooled and the ring buffer is overwritten.
- * * In spool mode only.



EPC Print

EPC print is to print by outputting data to the printer using the temporary memory after decomposition of the received PDL.

<Operation>

STEP1

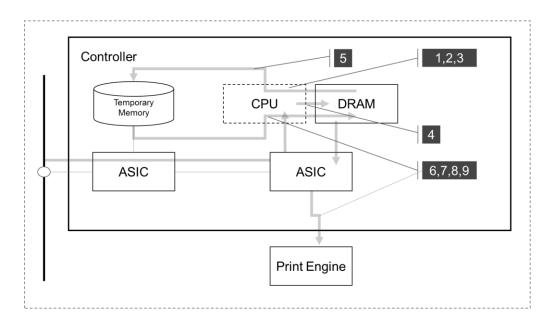
- 1. Stores the received PDL in the spool area. *
- 2. Reads out the PDL stored in the spool area.
- 3. Decomposes the read-out PDL per page, and writes in the page buffer (DRAM).
- 4. Compresses the page buffer per page and transfers to the DRAM.
- 5. Reads out the compressed data from the DRAM, then transfers and stores it in temporary memory.
- 6. Deletes the information in the page buffer after page image is transferred to the temporary memory.
- * In non-spool mode, PDL is not spooled and the ring buffer is overwritten.

STEP2

- 7. Reads out the compressed image from the temporary memory and transfers to the DRAM.
- 8. Outputs the compressed image read out from the DRAM to the printer through decompression.
- 9. Deletes the received PDL data when printing of all data is completed.

PASSWORD IN SECURE PRINT

In the case of secure print, the user ID and password is included in the received PDL and stored in the temporary memory with the page image. When printing, the release authorization input from the control panel is compared with that stored in the temporary memory. Printing is conducted only when the two match. Deletes the release authorization recorded in the temporary memory when printing is completed. User can set the product to keep the release authorization in temporary memory after printing is completed.



Fax Service

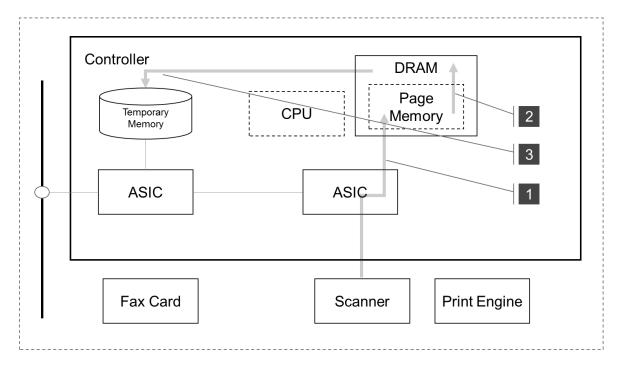
Storage of Scanned Image

This is to scan image from the scanner, execute image processing as required, and then store in the HDD.

<Operation>

- 1. Stores the image data scanned by the scanner in the page memory.
- 2. Transfers the image data for one page read out from the page memory to the DRAM through compression. Deletes the content of the page memory after transferring of the image data is completed.
- Stores the compressed data for one page read out from the DRAM to the temporary memory.
 Deletes the page image in the DRAM and Fax Card after storing the compressed data in the temporary memory.

Conducts the operations (1) to (3) for the number of times that equals to the number of pages scanned.

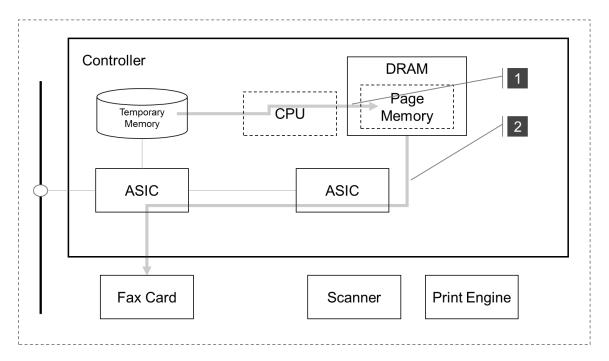


Fax Send

In fax send, image data stored in the temporary memory is read out and output to the Fax Card.

<Operation>

- 1. Reads out the image data from the HDD and transfers to the DRAM
- 2. Transfers the source information generated in the CPU and the image data read out from the DRAM to the Fax Card.
- 3. Deletes the page image in the Fax Card every time a page of the document is sent.
- 4. Conducts the operations (1) to (3) for the number of times that equals to the number of pages scanned.
- 5. Deletes the document image in the temporary memory when all pages are sent completely.



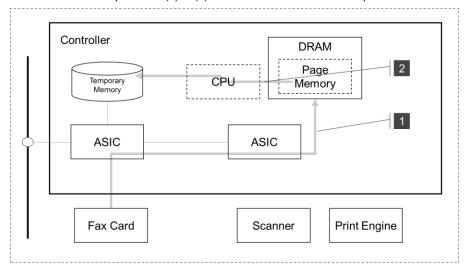
Fax Receive

In fax receive, image data received by the Fax Card is stored in temporary memory.

<Operation>

- 1. Reads out the image data from the Fax Card and transfers directly to the DRAM.
- Transfers the image data read out from the DRAM directly to the HDD.
 Deletes the page image in the DRAM after data is transferred to the HDD.

Conducts the operations (1) to (2) for the number of times that equals to the number of pages received.



Fax Print

In fax print, image data received by the Fax Card is read out from temporary memory. After decompression, image

processing and compression of the data is performed, the image data is again stored in temporary memory. Then, the image data stored in temporary memory is output to the printer.

<Operation>

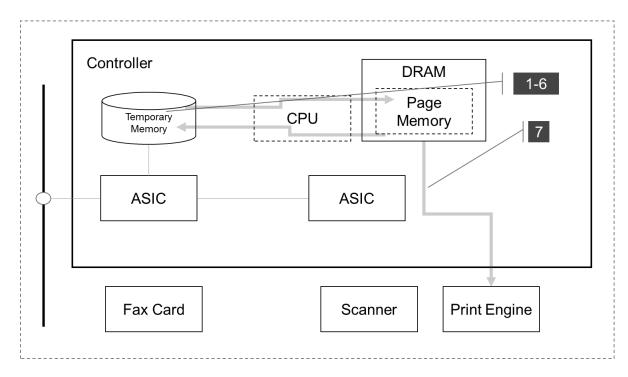
STEP1

- 1. Reads out the image data from temporary memory and transfers to the DRAM.
- 2. Decompresses the image data of DRAM and restores it in the DRAM.
- 3. Converts resolution, merges or divides the page, and/or rotates the image read out from the DRAM as required, then restores the data in the DRAM.
- 4. Compresses the image data read out from the DRAM and restores in the DRAM.
- 5. Stores the image data in the temporary memory. Deletes the page image in the DRAM and the image data in the Fax Card.

Conducts the operations (1) to (5) for the number of times that equals to the number of pages stored.

STEP2

- 6. Reads out the compressed image from temporary memory and transfers to the DRAM.
- 7. Outputs the compressed image read out from the DRAM to the printer while performing decompression.
- 8. Deletes the page image in the DRAM and document image in temporary memory after all the pages are printed.



Direct Fax Service

In direct Fax service, the received PDL is decomposed and the compressed image is stored in temporary memory then parameters concerning send are output to the Fax Card.

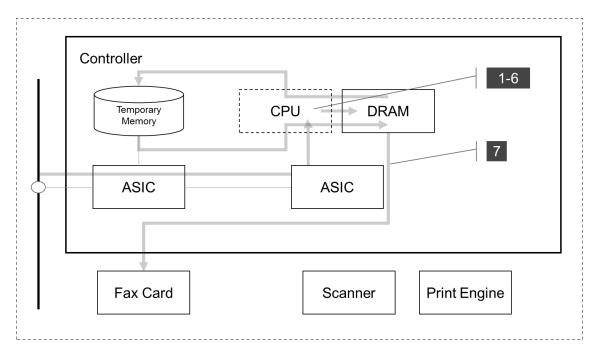
<Operation>

STEP1

- 1. Stores the received PDL in the spool area (DRAM).
- 2. Reads out the PDL stored in the spool area.
- 3. Decomposes the read out PDL and writes in the page buffer (DRAM).
- 4. Compresses the page buffer by each page and transfers to the memory.
- 5. Reads out the compressed image data from the DRAM, then transfers and stores in temporary memory.
- 6. Deletes the received PDL information and page buffer information after transferring of the page image to temporary memory is completed.

STEP2

7. Please refer to 'Fax Send" within this document.



IP Fax (SIP) Receive

In IP Fax Receive, the received image data is stored in temporary memory after compression is performed.

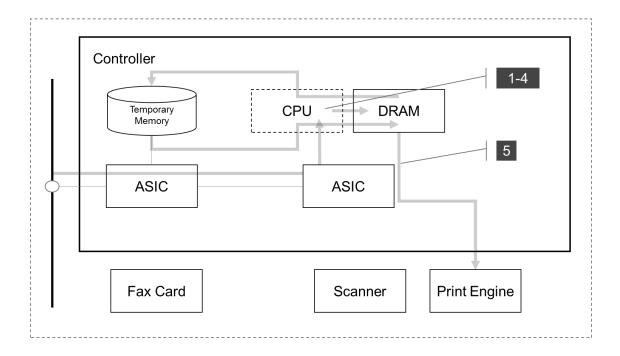
<Operation>

STEP1

- 1. Reads out the image data (JBIG/MH/MR/MMR) received via the Ethernet and stores it in the DRAM.
- 2. Reads out the image data from the DRAM, decompresses the data at the CPU, and stores it in the DRAM.
- 3. Reads out the uncompressed image data from the DRAM, performs JBIG compression at the CPU and stores it in temporary memory.
- Deletes all the page images in the DRAM after they are transferred to the temporary memory.
 Conducts the operations (1) to (4) for the number of times that equals to the number of pages received.

STEP2

5. Please refer to 'EPC Print" within this document.



Report Service

Report Print

In report print, the compressed image data of Report is stored in temporary memory, then the image data is output to the printer after read out from the temporary memory.

<Operation>

STEP1

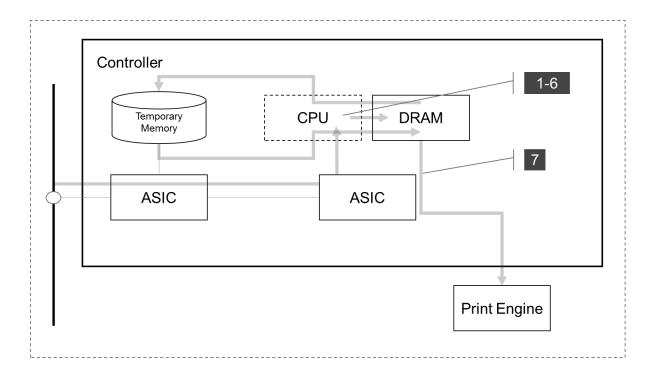
- 1. Creates PDL to be reported from the system information (NVRAM) and stores in the DRAM.
- 2. Reads out the PDL stored in the DRAM.
- 3. Decomposes the read-out PDL per page, and writes in the page buffer (DRAM).
- 4. Compresses the page buffer per page and transfers to the DRAM.
- 5. Reads out the compressed data from the DRAM, then transfers and stores in temporary memory. Deletes the page image in the DRAM after transferring of the data is completed.

STEP2

- 6. Reads out the compressed image from temporary memory and transfers to the DRAM.
- 7. Outputs the compressed image read out from the DRAM to the printer through decompression.

Conducts the operations (6) to (7) for the number of times that equals to the number of pages stored in temporary memory.

8. Deletes the document image in temporary memory and page image in the DRAM after printing is completed.



5. Security Aspects of Selected Features

Data Encryption

By default any data to be written to the Controller **temporary memory (SSD/**eMMC/Hard Drive) is encrypted before writing. There is no way to disable this feature.

Algorithm

The algorithm used in the product is the 256-bit block encryption that conforms to the AES (Advanced Encryption Standard). The 256-bit encryption key is automatically created at start up and stored in the DRAM. The key is deleted by a power-off, due to the physical characteristics of the DRAM.

IPsec

IPSEC protocol specifications supported by device:

Item	Description		
Supported IP Versions	IPv4 and IPv6 (available in both single and dual stack configurations)		
Key exchange authentication method	IKE pre-shared key and IKE digital signature supported.		
Transport mode	Only transport mode supported (tunnel mode not supported)		
Security protocol	Only ESP supported (AH not supported)		
ESP encryption methods	AES/3DES/DES		
ESP authentication methods	SHA256/SHA384/SHA512/SHA1/MD5		
IPComp	Not supported		

Email Signing and Encryption

This system allows users to sign and encrypt email using S/MIME.

Supported S/MIME protocols are listed in the table below:

Supported Protocol	Description	
S/MIME V3.2	Complies with RFC5750, 5751	
	Signature MIME type=multipart/signed	
	Signature MIME type =application/pkcs7-mime, application/x-pkcs7-mim	
	2	

S/MIME V3	Complies with RFC2632, 2633, 3369			
	Signature MIME type=multipart/signed			
	Signature MIME type=application/pkcs7-mime, application/x-pkcs7-mime			
S/MIME V2	Complies with RFC2311, 2312, 2315			
	Signature MIME type=multipart/signed			
	Signature MIME type=application/pkcs7-mime, application/x-pkcs7-mime			

Supported S/MIME algorithms are listed in the table below:

Supported Algorithm	Description
Digest method	SHA1 [Default]
	MD5
	SHA256
Content encryption method	3DES; key length: 168 bits [default]
	RC2; key length: 40/64/128 bits selectable
	AES; key length: 128,192, 256 bits
Public key encryption method	RSA only; key length: 512 bits or longer 4096 bits or shorter.

FIPS140-2

FIPS140-2 are series of publications which are U.S. government security standards that specify requirements for cryptography modules.

The following operation modes can be selected:

Operation Mode	Description
FIPS140-2 approved mode	In this mode, the algorithms that are specified in FIPS and are recommended by NIST are used in accordance with the requirements for FIPS140-2.
FIPS140-2 non-approved mode	The algorithms that are specified in FIPS and/or are recommended by NIST, and other algorithms operate in this mode.

Although Kerberos, SMB, SNMPv3, and PDF Direct Print Service use encryption algorithms that are not approved by FIPS140-2, they can operate in FIPS140-2 approved Mode in order to maintain compatibility with conventional products after an exception is approved by a system administrator. They do not use FIPS compliant algorithms when in this configuration.

Image Overwrite

Image Overwrite provides both Immediate Image Overwrite (IIO) and On-Demand Image Overwrite (ODIO) functions. When IIO is enabled, immediately before a job is considered complete, IIO will overwrite any temporary files that have been created on the Hard Disk. The ODIO feature can be executed at any time. Scheduling of Image Overwrite can be done at the WebUI as well.

Please note that Solid State Drives such as eMMC or SSD do not support Image Overwrite.

Algorithm

The overwrite mechanism for both IIO and ODIO conforms to the NST Special Publication 800-88 Rev1. Once an ODIO has begun, it cannot be cancelled.

Overwrite Timing

ODIO takes a varying amount of time to complete depending on the amount of data that must be overwritten. IIO is performed as a background operation, with no user-perceivable reduction in print performance.

Xerox Diagnostic Data Collection

Xerox service personnel have access to a restricted web page hosted on the device. This information is only available via the Web User Interface under 'Device Logs'. This web page requires a username and password for access. A diagnostic log file is generated when this page is accessed. The log file contains a limited amount of personally identifiable information from the device (host name, server names, etc.). Access to this restricted web page can be limited by setting IP or domain access restrictions on the device.

Security Audit Log

Events targeted for audit log are recorded to the NVRAM with timestamps. Up to 15,000 events can be stored in the temporary memory. When the number of events exceeds 15,000, audit log events will be deleted in order of timestamp, and then new events will be recorded. Access to audit log is possible only when the system administrator uses the Web User Interface and only after HTTPS communication has been enabled. Access from the control panel is not possible. Audit logs can be downloaded as tab-delimited text files.

Audit Log Entries

The following table lists the events that are recorded in the audit log where applicable:

ID	Category	User Name	Description	Status	Optional Information
0x0101	System Status	-	Started normally (cold boot)	-	
0x0101	System Status	-	Started normally (warm boot)	-	
0x0101	System Status	-	Started (NVM initialized)	-	

0x0101	System Status	-	Started (Hard Disk initialized)	-	
0x0101	System Status	-	Shutdown requested	-	
0x0101	System Status	-	Image Overwriting	Successful	Scheduled
			started	Failed	On Demand
0x0101	System Status	-	Image Overwriting finished	Successful	
			finisned	Failed	
0x0101	System Status	-	Self-Test	Successful Failed	Checksum of Image1 ROM
0x0201	Login/Logout		Login	Successful	Local
		CE Guest		Failed (Invalid User ID) Failed(Invalid Password)	Web User Interface Hostname
		User		Failed	Authentication Method
		Name		i alieu	Role
		-			
0x0201	Login/Logout		Logout	Successful	
		CE		Failed	
		Guest			
		User Name			
0x0201	Login/Logout	-	Locked System	-	Countdown to Access
			Administrator Authentication		Denied due to authentication failure
0x0201	Login/Logout	User	Detected Continuous	-	Web User Interface
		Name	Authentication Fail		SNMPv3
		-			-
					Number of failed attempts
0x0301	Audit Policy		Audit Log	Enabled	
		CE			
		Guest			
		User Name			
		-			

0x0301	Audit Policy		Audit Log	Disabled	
		CE			
		Guest			
		User Name			
		-			
0x0401	Job Status	User	Print	Completed	Job Details
		Name -		Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	
0x0401	Job Status	User	Сору	Completed	Job Details
		Name -		Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	
0x0401	Job Status	User	Scan	Completed	Job Details
		Name -		Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	
0x0401	Job Status	User	Fax	Completed	Job Details
		Name -		Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	

0x0401	Job Status	User	Mailbox	Completed	Job Details
		Name -		Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	
0x0401	Job Status	User	Print Reports	Completed	Job Details
		Name -		Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	
0x0401	Job Status	User	Job Flow Service	Completed	Job Details
		Name -		Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	
0x0401	Job Status	-	-	Completed	Job Details
				Completed with Warnings	
				Canceled by User	
				Canceled by Shutdown	
				Aborted	
				Unknown	
0x0501	Device Settings	-	Adjust Time	Successful	Previous Date and Time
				Failed	

0x0501	Device Settings	CE	Add User	-	User Name
		User Name			
0x0501	Device Settings		Edit User	-	User Name
0.0001	Device octaings	CE User Name -	Lan eser		(previous if User Name is changed) Attributes
0x0501	Device Settings	CE User Name	Delete User	-	User Name
0x0501	Device Settings	CE User Name	Create Mailbox	-	Host Name Box Number
0x0501	Device Settings	CE User Name	Delete Mailbox	-	
0x0501	Device Settings	CE User Name	Switch Authentication Mode	Successful	Local Remote Convenience Custom Off Previous Setting

0x0501	Device Settings	CE	Change Security Setting	Authentication Accounting	
		User Name		Image Overwrite	
		-		TLS	
				S/MIME	
				IPSEC	
				SNMPv3	
				802.1x	
				Certificate Verify Mode	
				Maintainer Password	
				SmartCard	
				FIPS140-2	
				Self-Test	
				Auto Clear Timer	
				Service Rep. Restricted Operation	
				Print Reports Button	
				External Code Integrity Check	
				Authorization	
				NFC	
0x0501	Device Settings		View Security Setting	Local	Host Name
		CE		Web User Interface	
		User Name -			
0x0501	Device Settings	User	Change Contract	Successful	
		Name	Туре	Failed	
		-		Aborted	
0x0501	Device Settings	-	Change Geographic Region	-	
0x0501	Device Settings	-	Enter Activation Code	Successful	
0x0501	Device Settings	CE	Change Job Setting	Successful	Delay Print
					Private Print

0x0601	Device Data	-	Change Billing Impression Mode	Successful	Mode Set to A3 Mode
			impression wode	Failed	Mode Set to A4 Mode
					Billing Meter Values
0x0601	Device Data		Import Certificate	Successful	RootCA
		CE		Failed	DeviceEE
		User			SSCEE
		Name			Key Size
		-			IssuerDN
					Serial Number
0x0601	Device Data	-	Delete Certificate	-	
0x0601	Device Data	-	Add Address Entry	-	Host Name
					Registration Number
0x0601	Device Data	-	Delete Address Entry	-	
0x0601	Device Data	-	Edit Address Entry	-	
0x0601	Device Data	-	Import Address Book	-	Host Name
0x0601	Device Data	-	Export Address Book	-	
0x0601	Device Data	-	Clear Address Book	-	Host Name
0x0601	Device Data	-	Export Audit Log	-	
0x0601	Device Data	-	Install Custom	Failed	Host Name
			Service		Custom Service Name
0x0601	Device Data	-	Install Embedded	-	Host Name
			Plug-in		Plugin File Name
0x0601	Device Data	-	Export Cloning Data	Successful	Apps
				Failed	Contacts
					Connectivity
					Permissions
					System
0x0601	Device Data	-	Import Cloning Data	-	
0x0701	Device Config	-	Important Parts	Replaced	
0x0701	Device Config	-	Hard Disk	Installed	
				Removed	
				Replaced	
0x0701	Device Config	-	Software	Updated	Rom Type
					New Version
					Previous Version

0x0801	Communication	-	Trusted Communication	Failed	Protocol Name
			Communication		

Please note that 'CE' refers to a 'Xerox Customer Service Engineer' performing service.

Self-Test

The product can execute a Self-Test feature to verify the integrity of firmware and the validity of system configuration information. If any abnormal condition is found, the product halts and records the information in the audit log. Please contact Xerox support to recover from a failed self-test condition.

Remote Services Upload

The product can be configured to report system status to Xerox Corporation if connected to the internet either directly or by proxy. This feature can be disabled completely using the embedded web server. Customers can configure this feature to send email to a system administrator when this data is collected and sent to Xerox. The time for an upload can also be scheduled. Data is transferred over HTTPS using TLS1.1 or higher encryption. Changes and errors with Remote Services Upload are recorded in the system audit log. Proper operation of the Remote Services Upload rely on correct network and email configuration on the system. Data that is shared with Xerox includes device configuration, device usage, supply levels and faults in the system. No private data is transferred. The Audit log is not shared with Xerox.

IP Address Filtering

When enabled all traffic is prohibited regardless of interface (wired/wireless) unless enabled by IP filter rule. IPv4 and IPv6 are enabled separately. If IP Filter and IPsec are both enabled, IPsec is evaluated first. Up to 25 addresses can be enabled for IPv4 and an additional 25 for IPv6. Addresses include IP and subnet allowing individual system or subnets to be enabled. A system administrator can disable this feature using the embedded web server.

Domain Name Filtering

The system allows up to fifty domain names to be entered. All fifty will be used to either allow or deny access to the device. A system administrator can disable this feature using the embedded web server.

6. Responses to Known Vulnerabilities

Security @ Xerox

Xerox maintains an evergreen public web page that contains the latest security information pertaining to its products. Please see http://www.xerox.com/security.

Xerox has created a document which details the Xerox Vulnerability Management and Disclosure Policy used in discovery and remediation of vulnerabilities in Xerox software and hardware. It can be downloaded from this page: http://www.xerox.com/information-security/information-security-articles-whitepapers/enus.html